

LET YOUR WANTS BE
KNOWN IN THE
EVENING STANDARD

The Evening Standard

WEATHER FORECAST

INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE
WEATHER WILL BE GENERALLY
CLOUDY WITH SHOWERS
TODAY AND TOMORROW;
COOLER.

Forty-first Year—No. 210—Price Five Cents.

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GOTCH IS FIT TO WRESTLE

But He Will Keep Away
From Hack's Bone.
Breaking Arms

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The principals in the international wrestling match, which is scheduled to take place at the White Sox baseball park next Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, began early today the last of the training for the contest.

Frank Gotch, the champion, went from his hotel to the Chicago Athletic club where he will today wrestle with his trainers and do some gymnasium work.

George Hackenschmidt, the Russian challenger, was up early at his camp on the North Side and went for a walk along the lake shore.

"I am going to wrestle carefully, and all these stories about me making a rushing bout are false," said Gotch. "If I allow Hackenschmidt to get hold of me at the start, he is liable to break some of my bones with his strength. He is a hard customer to handle because of his power, coupled with weight."

"I cannot say that I have outlined my plan of attack and probably will not until I have locked horns with him for five or ten minutes. I can appreciate the fact that Hackenschmidt has improved greatly and learned more since I last met him. It is because of this that I must be careful, for I am going to do my best to keep the title in America."

"I believe it will simply simmer down to a case of condition. The man with the greatest energy will win because both of us are strong and able to stand a long, grueling match. I am in condition and when I say that I am right you can take it from me, I'm ready."

"I intend to do a little work today, which will consist mostly of wrestling with my trainers. This will be the last mat work I will do until I enter the ring on Monday. Tomorrow I intend to do a little gymnasium work and then my preparation will be ended."

Martin Delaney, physical director of the Chicago Athletic club, said today that Gotch looked in perfect condition.

"Gotch showed me some of his holds and the best one, to my way of thinking, is one he calls the 'new upender,'" said Delaney. "It is a simple improvement on the old hold of the same name. It is leg scissors applied from behind or when the defensive man is on the mat. With the scissors in place, Gotch goes down, and, using his leg as a stanchion, he has a pry with the other leg and both arms. The wrestler who gets into such a hold has no chance to get out and the more he works against the hold, the easier it is for Gotch to win, for the man in under works against himself."

Hackenschmidt expressed a desire to meet Gotch after the champion arrived from Iowa yesterday and it may be the two will visit between now and Monday.

Hackenschmidt has done most of his training in secret. Frequently he has had his trainers up at 5 o'clock in the morning and at other times has been on the mat at 11 o'clock. About \$50,000 has been taken in at the box office to date, and before Monday it is expected their receipts will reach \$75,000. The prevailing odds are 5 to 4 on Gotch, though betting has been light.

REVOLT STARTS IN OLD MEXICO

Tucson, Ariz., Sept. 2.—Unofficial advice received here is to the effect that, following the report of the alleged open revolt of Governor Bandera of Sinaloa, the city of Culiacan is greatly alarmed. Conflict with columns of troops now moving against Hermosillo from Mazatlan, Yaqui river and Tepic is expected soon.

Bandera is an employee of former Governor Redo, now a fugitive from Mexico. Redo provided Bandera with arms to support the federalists in the recent revolution, but Bandera joined the insurgents instead.

The governorship was his reward. Alleged outlawry caused an order for his removal from office, but Bandera refused to yield the reins.

STRIKE IN HAVANA

Havana, Sept. 2.—A general strike of 3,400 Havana teamsters was called today. The walkout is the outgrowth

of a minor strike declaring fifteen days ago on the refusal of employers to grant the men higher wages.

American contractors are affected by the strike.

CAPT. MIX DEAD

Moberly, Mo., Sept. 2.—Captain Ely Henri Mix, 82 years old, for several years eminent Sir Knight of the Masonic order in this city and a veteran of the Civil war, died at his home here yesterday. He was well known in Masonry throughout the country, having taken his first vows in the early sixties.

NEW YORK POSTAL BANK.

New York, Sept. 2.—The first month of the New York postal savings bank shows deposits of \$106,000 placed to the credit of 2,800 accounts.

METAL HAT IS LATEST

Modish Young Women
Expected to Wear the
New Ornament

New York, Sept. 2.—The newest wonder in the windows of the Fifth avenue millineries is the metal hat, which the public is assured will be the proper thing for the modish young woman this fall. Some of the hats are reminiscent of the helmet, some are flat and broad, but they are all different from hats of other years. They are not simple, and they are not cheap. Flowers and feathers, lace and fur, gold and silver are employed lavishly.

The metallic effect is obtained in a variety of ways, including such novelties as metal fringe, silver flowers, bronzed flowers and gold and silver meshes and laces.

WORLD'S MARKETS

OGDEN WHOLESALE PRODUCE

(Selling Price.)
Ogden, Utah, Sept. 2.—Butter—Creamery, extra in cartons, 30c; creamery, firsts, 28c; cooking, 22c; ranch, 20c.
Cheese—Eastern, 15 1/2; Utah 16; Utah 16 1/2; Y. A., 17.
Eggs—Per case, 30 doz., 7.00.
Sugar—cane \$7.10; beet \$6.70.

Chicago Produce.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Butter—Steady, creamery, 30 1/2; dairies, 18 1/2.
Eggs—Steady. Receipts, 7,759 cases at mark, cases included, 7 1/2; firsts, 16 1/2; prime firsts, 18.
Cheese—Steady. Daisies, 13 1/2; 3-4; Twins, 12 1/2-3/4; young Americas, 12 1/2-3/4; long horns, 13 1/2-3/4.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 200; market, steady. Beefsteers, \$5.00a\$5.50; Texas steers, \$4.40a\$4.85; western steers, \$4.00a\$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00a\$3.50; cows and heifers, \$2.25a\$2.75; calves, \$6.25a\$6.50.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 500; market, 6c higher. Light, \$7.25a\$7.80; mixed, \$7.10a\$7.75; heavy, \$6.90a\$7.70; rough, \$6.50a\$7.10; good to choice heavy, \$7.10a\$7.70; pigs, \$5.25a\$5.65; bulk of sales, \$7.15a\$7.45.
Sheep—Receipts estimated at 1000; market, steady. Native, \$2.00a\$3.80; western, \$2.25a\$3.80; yearlings, \$4.00a\$4.50; lambs, native, \$4.00a\$4.45; western, \$4.50a\$5.50.

Omaha Livestock.

Omaha, Sept. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 100; market, steady. Native steers, \$5.00a\$5.00; cows and heifers, \$3.00a\$3.75; western steers, \$3.75a\$5.75; cows and heifers, \$3.00a\$5.25; canners, \$2.50a\$3.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.25a\$5.85; calves, \$3.00a\$5.75; bulls, stags, etc., \$2.00a\$5.00.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,700; market, 5 cents higher. Heavy, \$7.00a\$7.25; mixed, \$7.00a\$7.15; light, \$7.30a\$7.40; pigs, \$6.00a\$7.00; bulk of sales, \$7.05a\$7.15.

Sheep—Receipts, 500; market, steady. Yearlings, \$4.00a\$4.40; westerns, \$2.15a\$3.50; ewes, \$2.50a\$3.15; lambs, \$3.20a\$6.00.

Metal Market.

New York, Sept. 2.—The metal markets were practically nominal today and the new York exchange will not open for business Tuesday. Late copper \$12.62 1/2; 12 1/2; 12 1/2; electrolytic \$12.50; 12 1/2; 12 1/2; casting 12 1/2; 12 1/2; tin \$12.20; 12 1/2; lead \$4.45; 4 1/2; spelter 5.85; 5.95. Antimony, cook \$8.20; 8.30; iron unchanged.

(Continued on Page Seven.)

IN HONOR OF OF STEUBEN

Replica Statue Is Presented to the German Emperor

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The address of Representative Richard Bartholdt of St. Louis, at the ceremony today when a replica of the statue of General Baron Steuben was presented to the German emperor by the American delegates appointed for that purpose, Mr. Bartholdt and Mr. S. B. Wolfman of New York, was in part as follows:

"Your Majesty: By direction of the president of the United States, we have come across the ocean to fulfill the purpose of a resolution unanimously adopted by the American congress, providing for the presentation to his majesty, the German emperor, and the German people, of a statue of General von Steuben, a great German and erstwhile citizen and hero of two continents, as a gift from the American people. If, in the performance of this honorable mission, I may be permitted to interpret the sentiments of the people of the United States, I would say, on behalf of President Taft's special embassy that the proffered donation is to be a pledge of peace and amity and a guarantee of the sincerity of the earnest hope, cherished by all Americans, that the effect of this ceremony may be to draw more and more closely the bonds of traditional friendship and good will which, strengthened as they are by the ties of blood, have always so happily united the great German empire with the great republic of the west, the United States of America."

"The name of Steuben will ever awaken patriotic memories beyond the ocean. Its bearer was the embodiment of German order and discipline and of that loyalty of which the poet says, 'If it were not as old as the world, surely a German would have invented it.' He was not only the order-creating genius of the Colonial army, but also the indefatigable, though modest organizer of victories. In just appreciation of his great achievements, a grateful people, nobly disregarding national distinctions, honored his memory by the erection in front of the White House in Washington, of a monument which is to commemorate his valuable services as well as those rendered by the Germans generally to the cause of American independence. And today's celebration? It is verily a beautiful act of international courtesy, but may we not also interpret the ready acceptance of this statue as a just and generous willingness on the part of Steuben's old Fatherland and its exalted sovereign to appreciate and honor those who by their conduct abroad, have added lustre to the German name? Millions of hearts on the other side of the Atlantic which throb warmly on account of this dedication, will rejoice exultantly at such interpretation."

"From the material to the poetical and ideal significance of today's act is but a step. The Peace President extends to the Peace Kaiser, under whose reign the phrase 'The empire is the peace,' has been verified, the hand of friendship for hearty co-operation in the peaceful solution of the great problems of civilization. And are there two other nations which, resting upon the tradition of undisturbed friendship and looking forward to a future of still closer relations, could more justly feel called upon to make common cause in the great humanizing tasks of our time, in the promotion of art and science and in all tendencies looking to the increased welfare of the people."

"We live in a time of international reconciliation and unity come to realize that peaceful development is of more transcendent importance than all that is now dividing the nations, and Germany's forty years of peace is an ample guarantee to America that it requires but an incentive in order to crystallize mutual sympathy into a political fact. May this beautiful ceremony hasten such a happy consummation."

"As special envoys of the president of the United States, we have the distinguished honor of asking your majesty to accept this statue as a token of the sincere friendship of the American government and people for your majesty and the people of Germany."

APPRECIATED IN GERMANY

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung prints a leading editorial today relative to the presentation to Emperor William by Representative Richard Bartholdt and S. B. Wolfman, on behalf of the American

people, of a replica of the Baron von Steuben statue in Washington.

"This event," the newspaper says, "again directs general attention to the old and historic relations between Germany and the United States, reaching back to the revolution. General von Steuben, who, as a young officer, fought under Frederick the Great, devoted his later years to the young free state across the ocean, and he represents the German share in building the great American state, which now as a world power, interposes to shape the history of nations. 'We, in Germany, can understand the special pride with which our racial kindred have found their second home across the ocean, regard their eminent countryman, and we regard with a high satisfaction the honor with which the entire American nation pays to the leader and fellow citizen of German stock.'"

OPENING UP OF ALASKA

Development of Territory Being Throttled by Land Laws

Ithaca, N. Y., Sept. 2.—President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell university, who has just returned from an extended trip through Alaska, believes that the government is throttling the development of the territory and keeping its vast resources nearly intact by means of land laws which are not applicable to that region. In a statement given out on his arrival here, Mr. Schurman declares that the government is pursuing an ultra-conservative policy and keeping capital out.

"The land laws of this country are applicable to agricultural regions," he says, "but in Alaska agriculture is unknown. Private enterprise is hindered. In a territory so vast as Alaska, much capital is required to stimulate its development. I do not believe that the corporations should be given full sway. Developments should be under the control of the government. I would advocate that for every ton of coal mined, the government receive a royalty."

"But the development of Alaska can never come until capital is admitted and the present land laws abrogated. In this country it is not necessary to possess large capital to develop, but in Alaska individual development is too large a problem to be coped with. Much capital must be used to open mines and build railroads."

RECALLS THE SIGEL CASE

Chinaman Arrested in Hoboken in Connection With a Clew

New York, Sept. 2.—The unsolved mystery of the murder of Elsie Sigel, which occurred more than a year ago, once more claimed attention today, following the arrest of a Chinese by immigration inspectors who last night raided a restaurant in Hoboken. Although the authorities declined to explain what connection, if any, the arrest had with the Sigel case, it was reported today that the police had found an important clue. Ostensibly the prisoner, Gao Gao, was arrested on suspicion of having smuggled yellow countrymen into the United States in violation of the immigration laws.

Elsie Sigel was a granddaughter of General Franz Sigel. Her body, bearing unmistakable marks of violence, was found in a trunk in a Chinese restaurant, and the search for her murderer was conducted almost exclusively in Chinese settlements throughout the country.

PARASOL IN A SHARK IS IDENTIFIED

Lewes, Del., Sept. 2.—A silk parasol recovered from the stomach of a huge shark recently caught here by the crew of the government lightship has been claimed by Miss Dorsey, of Saugatuck, Conn. She dropped it overboard from a Long Island sound steamer early in the summer. Miss Dorsey identified the parasol by a monogram on the handle.

PAYS FOR "SPECIAL"

John D. Rockefeller Takes Family to Old Home

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The annual reunion of the Rockefeller family will end today with the return of the 110 delegates from a pilgrimage to Germantown the ancestral seat of the original American Rockefellers. A vote of thanks to John D. Rockefeller for his hospitality in opening his home at Pocantico Hills to the delegates yesterday will be one of the features of the closing session.

The excursion to Pocantico Hills is unanimously voted the feature of the week's festivities. The entire "family" went from here to Tarrytown on a special train which Mr. Rockefeller provided. Dinner was served on the train and stages were waiting at the station. There were many expressions of wonderment during the drive up the fine roads through Mr. Rockefeller's estate and later when the party was escorted through the house, the sunken gardens, the fountains, the stables, the sun parlor, Temple of Love, and Japanese tea gardens.

Although the association has been in existence for several years, this was the first trip to the estate on Pocantico Hills.

NEW RIVER IN ARCTIC

Old River Shown to be Most Important Stream

New York, Sept. 2.—All the present day Arctic maps will have to be remodeled as a result of the work of the Anderson-Stefansson expedition of the American Museum of Natural History. The explorers, who will return to civilization next year, after four years of exploration on the Alaskan coast, give some details of their findings in a series of letters just received by the museum authorities. They are bringing back complete surveys of Langton bay, Horton river and several other uncharted regions.

The Horton river was discovered by Dr. Richardson early in the nineteenth century. There were no further discoveries of any of the modern maps. It now appears that the river is one of the most important of the northern streams, being more than 400 miles in length.

The report tells of the discovery of an unknown, unnamed river, about thirty miles long and very broad, emptying into Langton bay. It also refers to the Riviere la Ronciere, which is drawn in a free hand fashion with many flourishes on all modern maps, rising near Bear lake and flowing northward. Stefansson has now shown this stream to be non-existent.

Of 250 Indians seen by his party in the summer of 1910, only one, Mr. Stefansson says, had ever seen a white man. Several tribes, living near Coronation gulf, had never been visited by a white man.

Mr. Stefansson declares that the difficulties of exploration are growing greater every year, chiefly because of the rapid disappearance of game, and the inability of the country to support the expeditions. It seems unlikely that men from now on likely to be able to visit these regions, the explorer said.

MINISTER WORKS ON CHAIN GANG

Iola, Sept. 2.—Rev. Hood Line who was convicted in the municipal court upon charges of immoral conduct upon charges brought by Mrs. Ella Rees, the woman whom Judge Smelter sentenced to work on the streets, decided last night to work out his fifty-dollar fine on the municipal rock pile. Mr. Line had previously given notice of appeal to the circuit court.

"I'd rather get out and work than stay in jail pending my appeal," he told the police. He will be put to work today.

WHITNEY'S DAUGHTER TO MARRY

New York, Sept. 2.—It was announced that the marriage of Miss Dorothy Whitney, daughter of the late Wilson C. Whitney, to Willard D. Straight, will take place September 7 at Caux-sur-Monterau, Switzerland, where the bride is staying. Mr. Straight has charge of an American banking house in China and their honeymoon trip will take the couple to their home in that country.

TRAVELING LONG DISTANCE TO GET A HUSBAND

Everett, Mass., Sept. 2.—Miss Pearl B. Gosnell of this city is preparing for a journey of more than fifteen thousand miles to wed the man of her choice, the Rev. Royal B. Bisbee, of Spokane, Wash. Mr. Bisbee is now

stationed at Baroda, India, and Miss Gosnell will leave Monday on the long journey eastward.

Accompanying her will be another expectant bride, Miss Nellie Brandall of Chicago. She, too, is to marry a missionary in India.

The wedding of Mr. Bisbee and Miss Gosnell will be the first real American marriage ceremony ever seen at Baroda.

FRENCH JUNK ON CANAL MUST GO

Washington, Sept. 2.—All the scrap and junk which was formally a part of the French Panama canal, and now litter the "great ditch" will be cleared away before the canal is completed. Bids will be opened here September 5 from dealers in scrap metal for the purchase and removal of the debris within three years.

FAVORABLE TO BEATTIE

Testimony of Two Witnesses in Behalf of the Defendant

Chesterfield Courthouse, Va., Sept. 2.—The defense in the Beattie trial today laid stress on two important points prior to closing its case.

In one item it attacked the theory of the prosecution that Beulah Ford was the motive of the accused in murdering his wife, and in the other assailed testimony of the commonwealth which thought they saw Beattie and his wife on the turnpike on the night of the murder.

William Sampson, an intimate friend and chum of the accused, told on the witness stand of Beattie's relations with Beulah Blaford, pointing out that while they were actually renewed just before Mrs. Beattie was murdered, there was no serious affection on the part of the prisoner, but merely an episode of oldtime dissipation.

The testimony of Charles H. Kestleberg was new and reluctantly given, because the witness admitted he might embarrass him with his wife. He testified, however, that he saw the man who was motoring with a woman on the Midlothian turnpike on the night of the murder, and whose machine boys saw a woman on the running board on the other machine in the road.

The prosecution drew forth an admission that Andrew Nebitt was once a convict. Nebitt was called for the prosecution.

Chesterfield Courthouse, Va., Sept. 2.—Charles Kestleberg of Richmond, the mysterious witness whose discovery yesterday caused counsel for the defense in the Beattie trial to interrupt its examination of witnesses for nearly an hour, came forward today with the information that it was he who was motoring on the Midlothian turnpike and stopped his machine to get water, while the woman with him stood on the running board.

The testimony of Kestleberg, if accepted as fact, neutralizes evidence offered by the prosecution in many respects, because the commonwealth had held that it was Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., who was crouching in front of a machine on the turnpike while his wife was standing on the running board, and he was shot, her fall causing the blood spot on the road. A crowd of boys coming from a dance at Bonham had testified for the prosecution that they saw a man and woman, and offered help, but it was refused.

"It was I," said Kestleberg, who is a wholesale butcher, to an Associated Press correspondent, "who was on the Midlothian turnpike that night. I saw the crowd of boys pass, and they offered to help me, which I said was unnecessary. I have hesitated to give my information about the case to anybody, although I read in the papers that the testimony of the boys indicated that it was Henry Beattie and his wife who stopped, and that it was Mrs. Beattie who was standing on the running board. I will tell you very frankly that I don't know who the woman was who was with me. I met her on the road and gave her a ride for part of the way. Being a married man, I did not wish to volunteer testimony that would put me in a bad light socially, but I told my wife and several intimate friends, and I guess she leaked out to the defense, who summoned me today."

"Did you see any other cars on the road that night?" he was asked.

"I saw the boys go by and another car that was running very rapidly, and I could not see who was in it. I recognized one of the boys, who stopped and asked if I wanted help, but I don't think he recognized me. The story the boys have told about seeing a man and woman in the machine is correct, but in the interest of justice, I am frank to say that the man was not Henry Beattie, nor the woman his wife."

(Continued on Page Seven.)

STRIKE FADING

Chicago Labor Leaders Talk of Conciliatory Tactics

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—The prospects for peaceable settlement of troubles between the shopmen and the officials of the Harriman lines took a more favorable turn today when it was learned that the union leaders had again got into touch with the railroad men. A brief conference between some of the international union officers and E. E. Calvin, general manager and vice president of the Southern Pacific, was secretly held, and it was learned that another brief meeting was held with Mr. Kruttschnitt prior to his departure to the east.

The fact that the opposing interests had resumed negotiations was carefully guarded and neither side would disclose the nature of the proceedings. Not all of the men composing the committee were present at either conference, and the meeting with Mr. Calvin and that with Mr. Kruttschnitt were held at different times. It was after Mr. Kruttschnitt's departure that two or three of the labor leaders saw Mr. Calvin.

At the Southern Pacific headquarters, it is said that J. W. Kline, spokesman of the labor men yesterday, had spoken to Mr. Kruttschnitt early in the day over the telephone. Nothing was given out as to the nature of the talk or what had taken place. Mr. Calvin had told the men that he would be glad to meet them any time before they left, in a friendly way as individuals. He had known the men for a long time and has been on friendly terms with them personally.

There seemed to be a general feeling that the situation had cleared a little, though neither side would discuss the reason therefor.

"Things have taken a more hopeful turn today," said Kline, but he declined to further explain himself.

As a result of today's meeting of the international presidents, the executive committees of the various international unions have been summoned by telegraph to San Francisco and a general conference will follow. Although the international officers have received a vote of confidence from the men and are fully empowered to act for them in regard to their demands, they wish again to canvass the situation before taking further decisive steps. This will be done at the general meeting here next week.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—Julius Kruttschnitt, vice president of the Harriman system, left for the east at 9 o'clock this morning over the Santa Fe railroad. He had no further conference with the presidents of the respective unions of the company's shopmen before he left, and so far as the railroad is concerned, the situation is just as it was yesterday at the close of a three-hour debate which ended in positive refusal of Kruttschnitt to recognize the Federation Shop Employees of the Harriman Lines.

The labor leaders made no attempt today to reopen the subject with the company.

"The meeting yesterday was final so far as we are concerned," said J. W. Kline, president of the Blacksmiths' union, and spokesman of the labor leaders during yesterday's conference.

Mr. Kline intimated that a call probably would be sent out at once for a general conference of the executive committees of the unions included in the federation.

Apparently it is planned to hold that meeting in this city. A joint meeting of the craft unions in this city will be held today, it is expected, and the call for the general conference will be discussed.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—It will be a week at least, it is stated, before the next move is made in the contest now on between the officials of the Harriman system and the leaders representing the five shop crafts who failed yesterday to induce Julius Kruttschnitt, vice president and director of maintenance and operation of the Harriman system, to recognize the shop employees' federation. Kruttschnitt's departure for the east was scheduled for today but the labor leaders planned to remain here for several days and decide upon the next step to be taken.

The labor leaders had hoped that they might have another conference with Mr. Kruttschnitt in this city. It was their purpose to summon members of the general committees from Houston, San Antonio and El Paso, Texas, Tucson, Ariz., Albia, La., Ogden, Cheyenne, Denver, Sacramento,

(Continued on Page Seven.)

Wrestling Contest Cleary vs. Preshaw

Two Preliminaries
Admission 25 Cents
GLENWOOD SAUCER TRACK
5 p. m. LABOR DAY

MOTOR RACES

5-mile matched motor paced race—W. E. Samuelson vs. H. S. Wilcox. Best two in three heats.
3-mile match motor race—T. M. Samuelson vs. Hal McCormack. Best two in three heats.
5-mile free-for-all motor race—three motors.
Admission 25c. Grand Stand 25c Extra
8 p. m. Labor Day.
GLENWOOD SAUCER TRACK

BASEBALL

Sunday, September 3
FAIR GROUNDS—3 P. M.
Sioux Indians vs. Ogden
LABOR DAY—HUNTSVILLE AND NORTH OGDEN COMBINED, 18 MEN, AGAINST OGDEN, 9 MEN.